Are your MRI contrast agents cost-effective? Learn more about generic Gadolinium-Based Contrast Agents.





Reply:

N. Kumar

AJNR Am J Neuroradiol 2010, 31 (8) E73 doi: https://doi.org/10.3174/ajnr.A2187 http://www.ajnr.org/content/31/8/E73

This information is current as of April 18, 2024.

Reply:

I thank Drs Savoiardo and Grisoli for adding to my Review Article on neuroimaging in superficial siderosis by providing 3 MR imaging illustrations of olfactory nerve involvement in this condition. I agree that anosmia and impaired peripheral vision may be under-reported symptoms.

"CSF hypovolemia" would mean decreased volume of CSF, and this term is preferred to "craniospinal hypotension" because a reduced CSF pressure may not describe the pathophysiology of the spectrum of abnormalities noted with dural defects.^{1,2}

Hereditary hemochromatosis is unlikely to cause neurologic manifestations.³ To my knowledge, there is limited information to confirm the suggestion that the hyperattenuation seen on head CT in some patients with superficial siderosis is due to iron and not calcium. High-definition x-ray fluorescence mapping and spectroscopy of siderotic spinal cord tissue has not shown the presence of calcium.⁴ In many patients with superficial siderosis, no abnormality is noted on CT. Furthermore, many of the conditions associated with primary brain iron accumulation (neurodegeneration with brain iron accu-

mulation) do not have abnormalities on CT, despite striking changes on brain MR imaging, particularly on gradient-echo sequences.⁵

References

- Mokri B. Spontaneous cerebrospinal fluid leaks: from intracranial hypotension to cerebrospinal fluid hypovolemia—evolution of a concept. Mayo Clin Proc 1999;74:1113–23
- Miyazawa K, Shiga Y, Hasegawa T, et al. CSF hypovolemia vs intracranial hypotension in "spontaneous intracranial hypotension syndrome." Neurology 2003;60:941–47
- Russo N, Edwards M, Andrews T, et al. Hereditary haemochromatosis is unlikely to cause movement disorders: a critical review. J Neurol 2004;251: 849-52
- Koeppen AH, Michael SC, Li D, et al. The pathology of superficial siderosis of the central nervous system. Acta Neuropathol 2008;116:371–82. Epub 2008 Aug 12
- McNeill A, Birchall D, Hayflick SJ, et al. T2* and FSE MRI distinguishes four subtypes of neurodegeneration with brain iron accumulation. *Neurology* 2008;70:1614–19

N. Kumar Mayo Clinic Rochester, Minnesota

DOI 10.3174/ajnr.A2187