



ASNR Career Center

The Go-To Job Site for Neuroradiology Employers and Job Seekers
Start here: careers.asnr.org

AJNR

Erratum

Masaru Shoyama

AJNR Am J Neuroradiol 2007, 28 (7) 1206

doi: <https://doi.org/10.3174/ajnr.A0764>

<http://www.ajnr.org/content/28/7/1206.1>

This information is current as
of December 2, 2023.

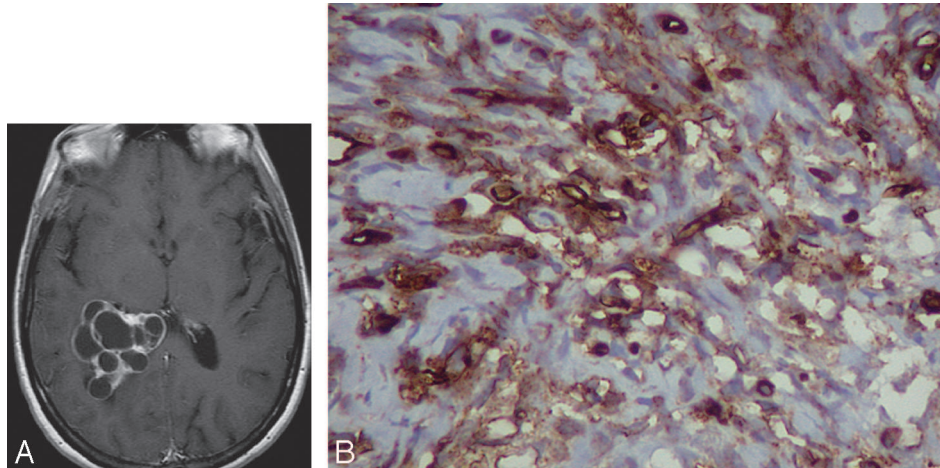


Fig 1. A, Axial contrast-enhanced T1-weighted image shows a multiloculated cystic solitary fibrous tumor in the right lateral ventricle. B, Histologic examination demonstrates marked anti-CD34 immunopositivity.

that is diagnosed more frequently, especially in the cerebral ventricles. It is important to understand and recognize the protean nature and imaging polymorphism of this tumor.

Acknowledgment

We are indebted to David Seidenwurm, MD, for his help in writing this letter.

References

1. Surendrababu NR, Chacko G, Daniel RT, et al. **Solitary fibrous tumor of the lateral ventricle: CT appearances and pathologic correlation with follow-up.** *AJNR Am J Neuroradiol* 2006;27:2135–36
 2. Kocak A, Cayli SR, Sarac K, et al. **Intraventricular solitary fibrous tumor: an unusual tumor with radiological, ultrastructural, and immunohistochemical evaluation: case report.** *Neurosurgery* 2004;54:213–16
 3. Clarençon F, Bonneville F, Sichez JP, et al. **Atypical location of a solitary fibrous tumor in the fourth ventricle.** *J Neuroradiol* 2006;33:279–80
 4. Sa G, Bonneville F, Poirier J, et al. **Giant solitary fibrous tumour of the meninges: MR-pathological correlation.** *J Neuroradiol* 2006;33:343–46
 5. Nawashiro H, Nagakawa S, Osada H, et al. **Solitary fibrous tumor of the meninges in the posterior cranial fossa: magnetic resonance imaging and histological correlation—case report.** *Neurol Med Chir* 2000;40:432–34
- Frédéric Clarençon
Fabrice Bonneville
Jacques Chiras
Department of Neuroradiology
Michèle Kujas
Department of Neuropathology
Philippe Cornu
Department of Neurosurgery
Hospital of the University of Pitié-Salpêtrière
Assistance Publique—Hôpitaux de Paris
Paris, France

DOI 10.3174/ajnr.A0572

Reply:

We thank the authors for commenting on our case report.¹ They present an interesting and well-documented case of a solitary fibrous tumor (SFT) in the atrium of the right lateral ventricle to add to the previous cases of intraventricular SFTs in the literature.² The unusual feature of their tumor was its multiloculated cystic nature with enhancing septations. Evidently, the increased awareness among pathologists of intracranial and spinal SFTs may result in the diagnosis being made more frequently. Of clinical relevance is that SFTs, though usually indolent, can behave aggressively with symptomatic recurrences requiring a second

surgery or adjunctive radiation therapy.³ Although we agree that MR imaging may have demonstrated T2 hypointensity in our case, due to the presence of calcification, it is unlikely that we could have ruled out a meningioma or a choroid plexus papilloma on that basis alone. As the authors emphasize, the MR imaging features of SFTs are so variable that it would be difficult to differentiate these tumors from meningiomas, hemangiopericytomas, or gliomas with any degree of certainty.

References

1. Surendrababu NR, Chacko G, Daniel RT, et al. **Solitary fibrous tumor of the lateral ventricle: CT appearances and pathologic correlation with follow-up.** *AJNR Am J Neuroradiol* 2006;27:2135–36
 2. Gessi M, Lauretti L, Fernandez E, et al. **Intraventricular solitary fibrous tumor: a rare location for a rare tumor.** *J Neurooncol* 2006;80:109–10
 3. Caroli E, Salvati M, Orlando ER, et al. **Solitary fibrous tumors of the meninges: report of four cases and literature review.** *Neurosurg Rev* 2004;27:246–51
- A.G. Chacko
R.T. Daniel
Department of Neurological Sciences
Section of Neurosurgery
G. Chacko
Department of Neurological Sciences
Section of Neuropathology
N.R.S. Surendrababu
Department of Neurological Sciences
Section of Radiodiagnosis
Christian Medical College
Tamil Nadu, India

DOI 10.3174/ajnr.A0615

Erratum

We are deeply grateful to *AJNR* for publishing our article (Shouyama M, Kitabata Y, Kaku T, et al. Evaluation of Regional Cerebral Blood Flow in Fahr Disease with Schizophrenia-Like Psychosis: A Case Report. *AJNR Am J Neuroradiol* 2005;26:2527–29). Unfortunately, one of the author's names was improperly converted from Japanese to English spelling. I would like to correct the spelling as it appears in the list of authors from "Masaru Shouyama" to "Masaru Shoyama."

Masaru Shoyama
Neuropsychiatry
Wakayama Medical University
Wakayama, Japan

DOI 10.3174/ajnr.A0764